

Ethnomedical Information on Remo Caspi (*Aspidosperma excelsum*)

Part / Location	Documented Ethnomedical Uses	Type Extract / Route	Used For	Ref #
Bark - Argentina	The stembark is chewed for toothaches.	Raw / Oral	Human Adult	L04223
Bark - Brazil	Used as a carminative and stomachic; for bronchitis. Alkaloids from the bark are antimicrobial.	Not Stated	Human Adult	ZZ1099
Bark - Brazil	Used for inflammation, fever, diabetes, and cancer.	Not Stated	Human Adult	ZZ2010
Bark - Brazil	Used for fevers and malaria.	Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	L15570
Bark - Brazil	Used for fevers.	Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	K07977
Bark - Peru	Used for toothaches.	Tincture / Oral	Human Adult	K28202
Bark - Peru	Used as an antiseptic and antimicrobial; for malaria, high blood pressure, and bronchitis. Used as a dermal cicatrizant. Used as a vasodilator and aphrodisiac due to its yohimbine content.	Decoction / Oral Poultice / External Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	ZZ1013
Bark - Peru	Used for malaria.	Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	ZZ1008
Bark - Peru	Used as an antiseptic.	Not Stated	Human Adult	L04137 ZZ1005 ZZ2007
Bark - Peru	Shipibo-Conibo Indians use it to prevent cavities, for toothaches, hepatitis, and malaria.	Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	ZZ2003
Bark - Peru	Used as an antiseptic and for malaria.	Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	ZZ1101
Bark - Peru	Used for malaria.	Decoction / Oral	Human Adult	ZZ2016
Bark - Peru	Ese'eja Indians use it for toothache.	Not stated / Oral	Human Adult	ZZ2007

Return to the [Remo Caspi Plant Database File](#)

© Copyrighted 2006 Raintree Nutrition, Inc. Carson City, Nevada 89701. All rights reserved.
Please read the [Conditions of Use](#) and [Copyright Statement](#) for this web page and website.